

Decision Maker: HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

Date: Thursday 19th July 2018

Title: CHILDREN'S JOINT STRATEGIC NEEDS ASSESSMENT

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Ward: Borough-wide

1. Summary

- 1.1 Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) has been a statutory requirement of local authorities and NHS primary care trusts since 1 April 2008. The Health and Social Care Act (2012) placed a revised duty on each upper tier local authority and CCG to prepare JSNA together through the health and wellbeing board.
 - 1.2 The aim of the JSNA is to deliver an understanding of the current and future health and wellbeing needs of the population over both the short term (three to five years) and the longer term (five to ten years). It is intended to be the key mechanism for setting strategic priorities and informing local commissioning across health and social care. The Health and Social Care Act (2012) placed a statutory duty on both upper tier local authorities and CCGs to commission with regard to the JSNA and to refer to it in the development of the local Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy.
 - 1.3 The JSNA is an evidence based document highlighting need, as such it is distinct from the Health and Wellbeing Strategy which it informs.
 - 1.4 The Bromley JSNA is updated annually and includes the health and wellbeing of children and young people. The first separate report on the Child Wellbeing Needs Assessment was published in September 2016. This Children's JSNA is an update of that paper. It covers social and educational factors as well as health needs.
 - 1.5 It is proposed that the findings of this Children's JSNA feed into the new Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy in 2018.
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2. Reason for Report going to Health and Wellbeing Board

- 2.1 The Health and Social Care Bill (2012) placed a revised duty on each upper tier local authority and CCG to prepare JSNA together through the health and wellbeing board.
 - 2.2 This report asks the HWB to approve the report of the Bromley Children's JSNA 2018.
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3. **SPECIFIC ACTION REQUIRED BY HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD AND ITS CONSTITUENT PARTNER ORGANISATIONS**

- 3.1 The Health and Wellbeing Board is asked to:
 - Approve the Bromley Children's JSNA 2018; and,
 - Consider the proposal to feed these findings into a new Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy in 2018

Health & Wellbeing Strategy

The Children's JSNA is an evidence-based document, intended to inform the development of the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy. The Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy outlines the priorities, identified in the JSNA and agreed by the HWB, together with the proposed actions and expected outcomes.

Financial

1. Cost of proposal: No Cost:
 2. Ongoing costs: No Cost:
 3. Total savings: Not Applicable:
 4. Budget host organisation: Not Applicable
 5. Source of funding: Not Applicable
 6. Beneficiary/beneficiaries of any savings: Not Applicable
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Supporting Public Health Outcome Indicator(s)

The JSNA provides evidence of the level of health need in the population. This includes reference to some of the National Public Health Outcome Indicators as well as other indicators of local health outcomes.

4. COMMENTARY

- 4.1 Whilst the Public Health Team within LB Bromley have the lead responsibility for producing the Children's JSNA, a data working group has been established with representatives from:
- Performance and Information, Education, Care & Health Services, LBB
 - Data Analysts, Bromley CCG
 - SEN lead, Bromley CCG
 - Children's Safeguarding
- 4.2 This working group have been able to review and comment on the draft report.
- 4.3 This Children's JSNA is an update of a Child Wellbeing Needs Assessment published in September 2016. It follows the same structure as the first report:
- Section 1: Demography
 - Section 2: Risk Factors
 - Section 3: Emerging Needs
 - Section 4: Established Needs
- 4.4 Section 1 of this report will describe the population of children and young people aged 0-18 in Bromley. This report will then describe how prevention could affect the wellbeing of children and young people in Bromley. Prevention can be primary, secondary or tertiary.
- 4.5 Primary prevention aims to prevent a problem before it occurs by identifying families within the population who are more likely to suffer poor outcomes for their children. Section 2 uses evidence to identify risk factors in families in Bromley.
- 4.6 Secondary prevention aims to identify a potential or emerging problem in a child or young person at an early stage in order to minimise the impact of that problem. Section 3 reviews what we know about emerging health, education and social care needs of children and young people in Bromley. Children with emerging needs include those receiving support from Children and Family Centres or those identified as having Special Educational Needs but who do not have an EHC Plan.
- 4.7 Tertiary prevention aims to minimise the impact of a known need. Section 4 reviews information about children and young people with established needs, including those with an Individual Health Care Plan in school, those children with EHC Plans, and Looked After Children and those on a Child Protection Plan.
- 4.8 A key finding of the Children's JSNA is that the rate of substance misuse among young people in Bromley appears to be very high. Limited data shows that there appears to be a mismatch between the perception of youth violence in Bromley as low and the available evidence which appears to suggest this is a problem for young people in Bromley.
- 4.9 The Children's JSNA is being discussed at the following groups:
- Portfolio Holder for Adult, Care and Health services
 - Portfolio Holder for Education, Children and Families
 - Bromley Safeguarding Children Board
 - Secondary Head Teachers
 - Primary Head Teachers
 - Safer Bromley Partnership

5. IMPACT ON VULNERABLE PEOPLE AND CHILDREN

5.1 The Children's JSNA 2018 includes information on a number of vulnerable populations of children and young people in Bromley.

6. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

6.1 There has been a statutory requirement to produce a JSNA since April 2008. The Health and Social Care Act (2012) placed a revised duty on each upper tier local authority and CCG to prepare JSNA together through the health and wellbeing board.

Non-Applicable Sections:	Financial Implications, Implications for other Governance Arrangements, Boards and Partnership Arrangements, including any Policy and Financial Changes Required to Process the Item, and Comment from the Director of Author Organisation
Background Documents: (Access via Contact Officer)	Children's JSNA 2018